CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1343

Chapter 144, Laws of 1993

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

BATTERED WOMEN--REDUCTION IN SENTENCE FOR MURDER OF BATTERER

EFFECTIVE DATE: 4/30/93

Passed by the House March 16, 1993 Yeas 95 Nays 3

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 9, 1993 Yeas 46 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL** 1343 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

ALAN THOMPSON

Chief Clerk

Approved April 30, 1993

FILED

April 30, 1993 - 10:18 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1343

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Corrections (originally sponsored by Representatives Morris, Ballasiotes, Brough, Leonard, Heavey, Scott, G. Cole, R. Fisher, Kremen, Long, Rust, Carlson, Veloria, Dellwo, Karahalios, Wang, Grant, Jones, Wolfe, Franklin, Forner, Jacobsen, Appelwick, Campbell, H. Myers, Kessler, Springer, Miller, Locke, Roland, Valle, Basich, Wood, Quall, King, Johanson, Hansen, L. Johnson, Ogden, J. Kohl, Wineberry and Anderson)

Read first time 02/24/93.

- AN ACT Relating to reducing the sentence of a person convicted of murder who alleges that the murder was in response to the victim's continuing pattern of physical or sexual abuse of the person or the person's children; amending RCW 9.95.011 and 9.95.040; adding new sections to chapter 9.95 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.02 RCW; and declaring an emergency.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 9.95 RCW 10 to read as follows:
- 11 (1) An inmate convicted of murder may petition the indeterminate 12 sentence review board to review the inmate's sentence if the petition 13 alleges the following:
- 14 (a) The inmate was sentenced for a murder committed prior to July
- 15 23, 1989, which was the effective date of section 1, chapter 408, Laws
- 16 of 1989, as codified in RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h). RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h)
- 17 provides that the sentencing court may consider as a mitigating factor
- 18 evidence that the defendant or the defendant's children suffered a

- 1 continuing pattern of physical or sexual abuse by the victim of the 2 offense and the offense was a response to that abuse;
- 3 (b) RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h), if effective when the defendant committed 4 the crime, would have provided a basis for the defendant to seek a 5 mitigated sentence; and
- 6 (c) The sentencing court when determining what sentence to impose, 7 did not consider evidence that the victim subjected the defendant or 8 the defendant's children to a continuing pattern of sexual or physical 9 abuse and the murder was in response to that abuse.
- 10 (2) An inmate who seeks to have his or her sentence reviewed under 11 this section must petition the board for review no later than October 12 1, 1993. The petition may be by letter requesting review.
- (3)(a) If the inmate was convicted of a murder committed prior to 13 July 1, 1984, and the inmate is under the jurisdiction of the 14 15 indeterminate sentence review board, the board shall conduct the review as provided in section 2 of this act. If the inmate was sentenced 16 pursuant to chapter 9.94A RCW for a murder committed after June 30, 17 1984, but before July 23, 1989, the board shall conduct the review and 18 19 may make appropriate recommendations to the sentencing court as provided in section 5 of this act. The board shall complete its review 20 of the petitions and submit recommendations to the sentencing courts or 21 their successors by October 1, 1994. 22
- 23 (b) When reviewing petitions, the board shall solicit 24 recommendations from the prosecuting attorneys of the counties where 25 the petitioners were convicted, and shall accept input from other 26 interested parties.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 9.95 RCW to read as follows:
- 29 (1) If an inmate under the board's jurisdiction files a petition 30 for review under section 1 of this act, the board shall review the 31 duration of the inmate's confinement, including review of the minimum 32 term and parole eligibility review dates. The board shall consider 33 whether:
- 34 (a) The petitioner was convicted for a murder committed prior to 35 the effective date of RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h);
- 36 (b) RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h), if effective when the petitioner committed 37 the crime, would have provided a basis for the petitioner to seek a 38 mitigated sentence; and

- 1 (c) The sentencing court and prosecuting attorney, when making 2 their minimum term recommendations, considered evidence that the victim 3 subjected the petitioner or the petitioner's children to a continuing 4 pattern of sexual or physical abuse and the murder was in response to 5 that abuse.
- 6 (2) The board may reset the minimum term and parole eligibility 7 review date of a petitioner convicted of murder if the board finds that 8 had RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h) been effective when the petitioner committed 9 the crime, the petitioner may have received an exceptional mitigating 10 sentence.
- 11 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.95.011 and 1986 c 224 s 7 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- When the court commits a convicted person to the department of corrections on or after July 1, 1986, for an offense committed before July 1, 1984, the court shall, at the time of sentencing or revocation of probation, fix the minimum term. The term so fixed shall not exceed the maximum sentence provided by law for the offense of which the person is convicted.
- The court shall attempt to set the minimum term reasonably consistent with the purposes, standards, and sentencing ranges adopted under RCW 9.94A.040, but the court is subject to the same limitations as those placed on the board under RCW 9.92.090, 9.95.040 (1) through (4), 9.95.115, 9A.32.040, 9A.44.045, and chapter 69.50 RCW. The court's minimum term decision is subject to review to the same extent as a minimum term decision by the parole board before July 1, 1986.
- Thereafter, the expiration of the minimum term set by the court 26 minus any time credits earned under RCW 9.95.070 and 9.95.110 27 constitutes the parole eligibility review date, at which time the board 28 29 may consider the convicted person for parole under RCW 9.95.100 and 9.95.110 and chapter 72.04A RCW. Nothing in this section affects the 30 board's authority to reduce or increase the minimum term, once set by 31 32 the court, under RCW 9.95.040, 9.95.052, 9.95.055, 9.95.070, 9.95.080, 9.95.100, 9.95.115, ((or)) 9.95.125, or section 2 of this act. 33
- 34 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.95.040 and 1992 c 7 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:
- The board shall fix the duration of confinement for persons committed by the court before July 1, 1986, for crimes committed before

July 1, 1984. Within six months after the admission of the convicted person to a state correctional facility, the board shall fix the duration of confinement. The term of imprisonment so fixed shall not exceed the maximum provided by law for the offense of which the person was convicted or the maximum fixed by the court where the law does not provide for a maximum term.

Subject to section 2 of this act, the following limitations are placed on the board or the court for persons committed to a state correctional facility on or after July 1, 1986, for crimes committed before July 1, 1984, with regard to fixing the duration of confinement in certain cases, notwithstanding any provisions of law specifying a lesser sentence:

- 13 (1) For a person not previously convicted of a felony but armed 14 with a deadly weapon at the time of the commission of the offense, the 15 duration of confinement shall not be fixed at less than five years.
- (2) For a person previously convicted of a felony either in this state or elsewhere and who was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of the commission of the offense, the duration of confinement shall not be fixed at less than seven and one-half years.

The words "deadly weapon," as used in this section include, but are not limited to, any instrument known as a blackjack, sling shot, billy, sand club, sandbag, metal knuckles, any dirk, dagger, pistol, revolver, or any other firearm, any knife having a blade longer than three inches, any razor with an unguarded blade, any metal pipe or bar used or intended to be used as a club, any explosive, and any weapon containing poisonous or injurious gas.

- (3) For a person convicted of being an habitual criminal within the meaning of the statute which provides for mandatory life imprisonment for such habitual criminals, the duration of confinement shall not be fixed at less than fifteen years. The board shall retain jurisdiction over such convicted person throughout the person's natural life unless the governor by appropriate executive action orders otherwise.
- 33 (4) Any person convicted of embezzling funds from any institution 34 of public deposit of which the person was an officer or stockholder, 35 the duration of confinement shall be fixed at not less than five years.

Except when an inmate of a state correctional facility has been convicted of murder in the first or second degree, the board may parole an inmate prior to the expiration of a mandatory minimum term, provided such inmate has demonstrated a meritorious effort in rehabilitation and

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- 1 at least two-thirds of the board members concur in such action:
- 2 PROVIDED, That any inmate who has a mandatory minimum term and is
- 3 paroled prior to the expiration of such term according to the
- 4 provisions of this chapter shall not receive a conditional release from
- 5 supervision while on parole until after the mandatory minimum term has
- 6 expired.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW
- 8 to read as follows:
- 9 (1) The sentencing court or the court's successor shall consider 10 recommendations from the indeterminate sentence review board for
- 11 resentencing defendants convicted of murder if the indeterminate
- 12 sentence review board advises the court of the following:
- 13 (a) The defendant was convicted for a murder committed prior to the
- 14 effective date of RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h);
- 15 (b) RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h), if effective when the defendant committed
- 16 the crime, would have provided a basis for the defendant to seek a
- 17 mitigated sentence; and
- 18 (c) Upon review of the sentence, the indeterminate sentence review
- 19 board believes that the sentencing court, when originally sentencing
- 20 the defendant for the murder, did not consider evidence that the victim
- 21 subjected the defendant or the defendant's children to a continuing
- 22 pattern of sexual or physical abuse and the murder was in response to
- 23 that abuse.
- 24 (2) The court may resentence the defendant in light of RCW
- 25 9.94A.390(1)(h) and impose an exceptional mitigating sentence pursuant
- 26 to that provision. Prior to resentencing, the court shall consider any
- 27 other recommendation and evidence concerning the issue of whether the
- 28 defendant committed the crime in response to abuse.
- 29 (3) The court shall render its decision regarding reducing the
- 30 inmate's sentence no later than six months after receipt of the
- 31 indeterminate sentence review board's recommendation to reduce the
- 32 sentence imposed.
- 33 NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 72.02 RCW
- 34 to read as follows:
- The department shall advise all inmates in the department's custody
- 36 who were convicted of a murder that the inmate committed prior to July
- 37 23, 1989, about the provisions in sections 1, 2, and 5 of this act.

- 1 The department shall advise the inmates of the method and deadline for
- 2 submitting petitions to the indeterminate sentence review board for
- 3 review of the inmate's sentence. The department shall issue the notice
- 4 to the inmates no later than July 1, 1993.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the House March 16, 1993. Passed the Senate April 9, 1993. Approved by the Governor April 30, 1993. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 30, 1993.